What is claimed is:

1 1. A method for inhibiting proliferation of a tumor in 2 a mammal, the method comprising:

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4 administering to the mammal harboring the tumor a 5 composition comprising,

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- (a) an immunogenic stress protein-peptide complex isolated from a cell derived from the tumor, said complex being operative to initiate in the mammal an immune response against said tumor, and
- 11 (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- in an amount sufficient to elicit in the mammal an immune response against the tumor thereby inhibiting
 - immune response against the tumor thereby inhibiting
- 15 proliferation of the tumor.
 - 1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the stress protein
 - 2 in the complex is a Hsp70, a Hsp90 or a gp96.
 - 1 3. The method of claim 1, wherein a peptide in the
 - 2 complex is non covalently associated with the stress
 - 3 protein.
 - The method of claim 1, wherein administering the
 - 2 complex initiates an immune response mediated by a T
 - 3 cell.

- 1 5. The method of claim 4, wherein administering the
- 2 complex initiates an immune response mediated by a
- 3 cytotoxic T cell.
- 1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the complex is
- administered to the mammal in an amount in the range of
- 3 about 1 to about 1000 micrograms of complex/kg body
- 4 weight of mammal/administration.
- 1 7. The method of claim 6, wherein said amount is in
- 2 the range of about 100 to about 250 micrograms of
- 3 complex/kg body weight of mammal/administration.
 - 1 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the complex is
 - 2 administered repeatedly to the mammal.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the composition is
- 2 administered to the mammal in combination with a
- 3 cytokine.

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- 1 10. A method for inhibiting proliferation of a tumor in
 2 a mammal, the method comprising the steps of:
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- 4 (a) providing a tumor cell excised from the mammal,
- 6 (b) isolating from the cell an immunogenic stress
 7 protein-peptide complex operative to initiate
 8 in the mammal an immune response against the
 9 tumor cell, and
 - (c) administering to the mammal the isolated stress protein-peptide complex in an amount sufficient to elicit in the mammal an immune response against the tumor cell thereby to inhibit proliferation of any tumor cell remaining in the mammal.
- 1 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the stress protein
- 2 in the complex is a Hsp70, a Hsp90 or a gp96.
- 1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein a peptide in the
- 2 complex is non covalently associated with the stress
- 3 protein.
- 1 13. The method of claim 10, wherein administering the
- 2 complex initiates an immune response mediated by a T
- 3 cell.
- 1 14. The method of claim 13, wherein administering the
- 2 complex initiates an immune response mediated by a
- 3 cytotoxic T cell.

- 1 15. The method of claim 10, wherein the complex is
- 2 administered to the mammal in an amount in the range of
- 3 about 1 to about 1000 micrograms of complex/kg body
- 4 weight of mammal/administration.
- 1 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said amount is in
- 2 the range of about 100 to about 250 micrograms of
- 3 complex/kg body weight of mammal/administration.
- 1 17. The method of claim 10, wherein the complex is
- 2 administered repeatedly to the mammal.
- 1 18. The method of claim 10, wherein said complex is
- 2 administered to the mammal in combination with a
- 3 cytokine.